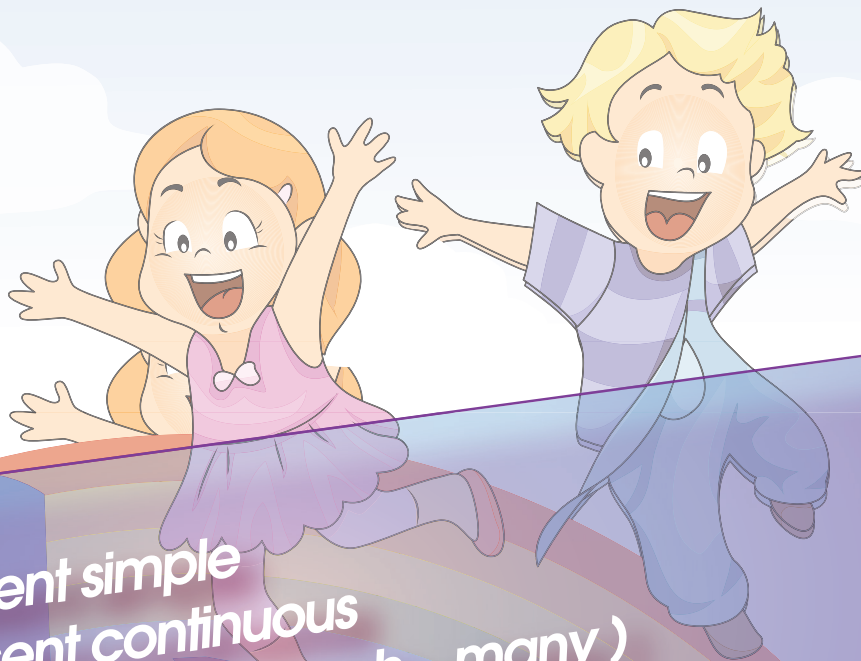


# G<sub>↑</sub>rammar3



- 1-Present simple
- 2-Present continuous
- 3-(some - any) (much - many )
- 4-Past simple (1) regular verbs
- 5-Past simple (2) irregular verbs
- 6-Could
- 7-Comparison of adjectives
- 8-Present perfect
- 9-Future simple
- 10-Be going to (2)

# 1

# Present simple

## form

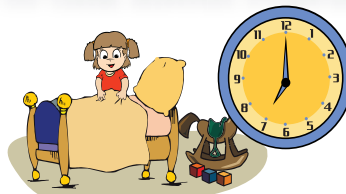
affirmative	negative	interrogative
I play	I don't play	Do I play?
You play	You don't play	Do You play?
He plays	He doesn't play	Does He plays?
She plays	She doesn't play	Does She plays?
It plays	It doesn't play	Does It plays?
We play	We don't play	Do We play?
They play	They don't play	Do They play?

## Use

1-We use the present simple to talk about **repeated actions**.



I **drink** milk every day.



She **gets** up at 7:00 o'clock in the morning.

2-We use the present simple for things done according to **time table**.



The train **leaves** at 9:30



the film **starts** at 6:00 p.m.

## Adverbs of frequency

always (100%)

usually (90%)

often (80%)

sometimes (50%)

rarely (10%)

Never (0%)

# Practice

## 1- write the words in order and make sentences :-

1) drink / every day / Amina / milk / usually .



2) Cleans / sometimes / Basil / in the morning / his room .



3) play / on Fridays / John / tennis / usually .



4) never / makes / the bed / in the morning / suzay .



5) rains / always / it / in winter .



## 2- Read and write :

1-A: Do you speak English?

B : .....



2-A: Does he play tennis ?

B : .....



3-A: Does she sing?

B : .....



4-A: Do they play football.

B : .....



# 2

# present continuous

## form

affirmative	negative	interrogative
I <b>am</b> playing	I <b>am</b> not playing	<b>am</b> I playing?
You <b>are</b> playing	You <b>are</b> not playing	<b>are</b> You playing?
He <b>is</b> playing	He <b>is</b> not playing	<b>is</b> He playing?
She <b>is</b> playing	She <b>is</b> not playing	<b>is</b> She playing?
It <b>is</b> playing	It <b>is</b> not playing	<b>is</b> It playing?
We <b>are</b> playing	We <b>are</b> not playing	<b>are</b> We playing?
They <b>are</b> playing	They <b>are</b> not playing	<b>are</b> They playing?

## Use

1-To talk about actions happening at the time of speaking, we use **now, at the moment**.



They **are playing** now.



Dad **is reading** the papers at this moment.

## Spelling notes



She **is dancing**



he **is shaving**



He **is cutting** meat.

1-Verbs ending in -e drop the -e and add -ing

2-Verbs ending in a single stressed vowel followed by a consonant, we double the last consonant.

# Practice

## 1) Read and write :

1-A: What is he doing?

B : .....



2-A: What is she doing?

B : .....



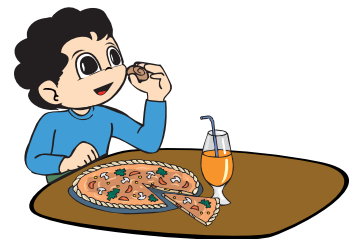
3-A: What are they doing ?

B : .....



4-A: What are you doing ?

B : .....



## 2) look at the picture and write sentence :

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



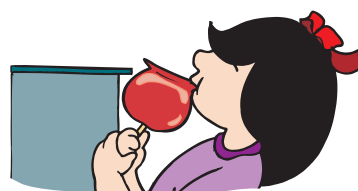
3

# (some- any) (much- many)

**(some – any )**



He has got **some** apples.

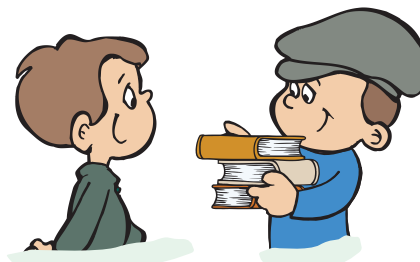


She has got **some** juice

**We use **some** in positive sentences with countable and **uncountable**.**

A: Have you got any pencils?

B: I haven't got any pencils.



A: Have you got any jam?

B: I haven't got any jam.

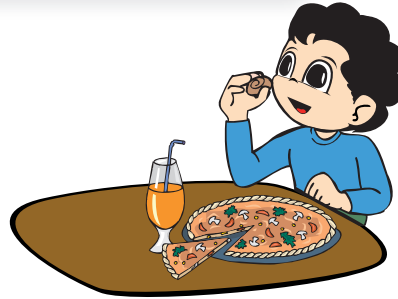


**We use **any** in questions and negative with countable and **uncountable** nouns.**

## (much – many)

A: Do you want much sugar?

B: I don't want much sugar.



We use **much** in questions and negative with **uncountable nouns**.

A: Do you want many books?

B: I don't want many books.



We use **many** in questions and negative with **uncountable plural nouns**.

## Note

In questions we use how many with countable plural nouns, and how much with uncountable nouns.

e.g. how many toys do you have?

How much cheese do you want?